

Making a greenhouse gas into an energy resource "What was once a nuisance gas is mental Protection Agency, attend- burned off. As a greenhouse gas, it

BY ANNE PICKERING Staff Writer

ergy made its debut Tuesday with Cairns, chairman of SECCRA's homes. Power - a landfill gas-to-electricity switch and the giant generator ager of the Landfill Methane Out- Methane gas is a natural byprod- ane produced at SECCRA. The power plant at Southeastern roared to life.

Chester County Refuse Authority's landfill on Route 926.

nia's newest generator of green en- donned earplugs as Richard enough energy to power 500 Since 1994, there are 432 meth-

About 50 visitors, including two \$2.3 million project that will gener- part of my job, to see the efforts of bon dioxide in trapping heat in the LONDON GROVE - Pennsylva- Chester County commissioners, ate almost a megawatt of power - groups like SECCRA."

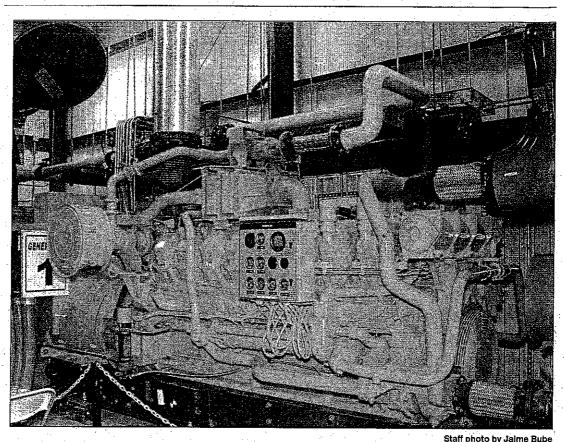
now a resource," said Cairns of the ed the ceremony. "This is the fun is 20 times more potent than car-

ane to power projects across the tions Tuesday will utilize about

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The generator that started operaone-third to one-half of the meth-

COLOR PICTURE IN NEWSPAPER



The 16-cylinder engine that will take the methane gas from trash and turn it into energy at SEC-CRA Community Landfill is shown.

Energy

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plant is planning to start the permitting process to add another generator that will utilize the rest of the gas.

Chester County Commissioners Carol Aichele and Patrick O'Donnell were also on hand.

"I think the science is fascinating," said Aichele, "and it's a way to achieve two objectives – generating energy and reducing greenhouse gases. This landfill is setting an example for other landfills."

SECCRA received

\$500,000 grant from the Pennsylvania Energy Development Authority in 2005 to help build the plant. It took five years to get the permit, said Cairns, and only six months to build. The plant will provide electricity to PJM Interconnection, a regional transmission organization that coordinates the movement of electricity to 13 states plus the District of Columbia. It is estimated that the landfill will produce methane gas for another 15 years.

The sale of electricity and the sale of renewable energy tax credits earned from the project are expected to pay back the full investment in about seven years and then the income will be used to contain costs for SECCRA customers.

The project included construction of a gas collection system in the landfill, a generator that runs on methane, a power line connecting the plant to the grid and an electronic monitoring system.

SECCRA is a non profit municipal authority formed in 1968 to provide solid waste and recycling services to about 95,000 people who reside in the service area in southern Chester County.

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